

Figure BA 6.6: Proportion of Indigenous people in Banana HSD, compared to Queensland by collection district, 2001

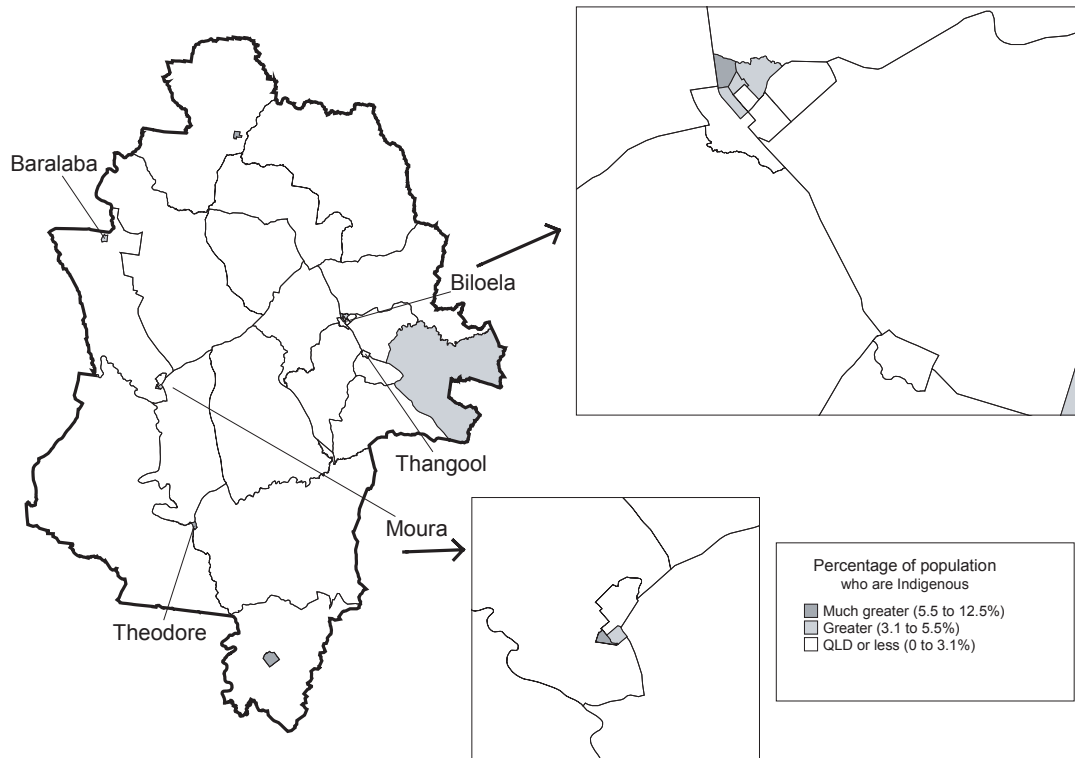


Figure BA 6.7: Proportion of population in quintile of highest socioeconomic disadvantage in Banana, by collection district, 2001

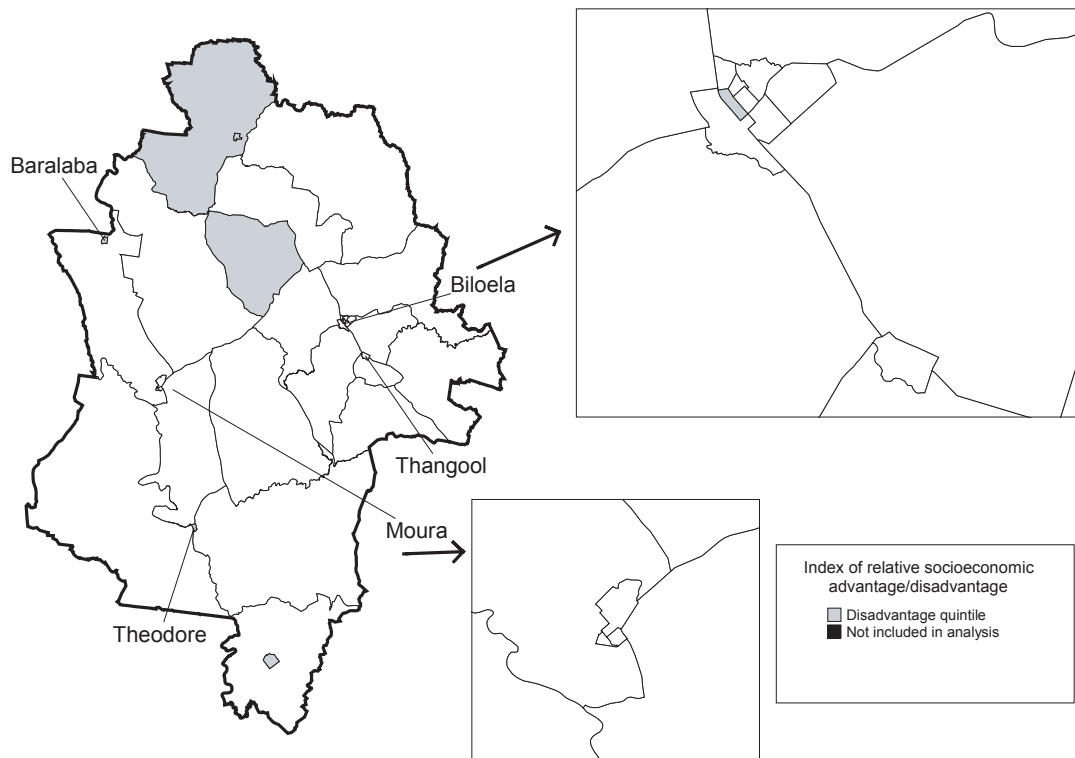


Table BA 6.3 Burden of disease and injury, and determinants of health in populations within Banana HSD

Sociodemographic groups in Banana HSD									
	Banana HSD total population	Currently in greater proportion		Projected to increase	Other population groups				
		Young children (0-14 years)	Males	Older people (65 years & older)	Young people (15-24 years)	Adults (25-59 years)	Females	Indigenous peoples ^{1,3}	Socioeconomic disadvantaged ^{1,2}
Burden of disease and injury	CHD Stroke COPD Depression Lung cancer Dementia Diabetes Colorectal cancer Asthma Osteoarthritis	Asthma Low birth weight Attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder Birth trauma & asphyxia Other chromosomal anomalies Congenital heart disease SIDS Depression Road traffic injury Autism & Asperger's syndrome	CHD Stroke Lung cancer Suicide & self-inflicted injury COPD Road traffic injury Diabetes Substance use disorders Depression Colorectal cancer	CHD Stroke Alzheimer & other dementias COPD Lung cancer Colorectal cancer Diabetes Vision disorders Prostate cancer Hearing loss	Road traffic injury Depression Bipolar affective disorder Heroin dependence & harmful use Suicide & self-inflicted injury Social phobia Schizophrenia Borderline personality disorder Alcohol dependence & harmful use Eating disorders	CHD COPD Suicide & self-inflicted injuries Diabetes Lung cancer Depression Breast cancer Stroke Colorectal cancer Road traffic injury	Stroke CHD Depression Breast cancer Anxiety disorders Dementias Asthma Diabetes Osteoarthritis COPD	All causes CHD Diabetes & complications including renal failure Unintentional injury Suicide & self-inflicted injury Mental health	All causes Diabetes Diseases of the digestive system Intentional injury Unintentional injury Mental disorders Musculoskeletal diseases Chronic respiratory disease Infectious & parasitic diseases & acute respiratory infections Neonatal causes Endocrine & metabolic disorders
Health determinants⁴	Harmful alcohol consumption Smoking Poor nutrition Overweight & obesity Physical inactivity Breast & cervical cancer screening Vaccination Social determinants	Poor nutrition Overweight & obesity Physical inactivity Sun protection Vaccination Oral health Social determinants	Harmful alcohol consumption Smoking Illicit drugs Sun protection	Poor nutrition Overweight & obesity Physical inactivity Falls Influenza vaccination Social determinants	Harmful alcohol consumption Illicit drugs Sexual health Social determinants	Harmful alcohol consumption Smoking Overweight & obesity	Smoking Poor nutrition Overweight & obesity Physical inactivity Breast & cervical cancer screening	Physical inactivity Poor nutrition Overweight & obesity Vaccination Breast & cervical cancer screening Harmful alcohol consumption Sexual health Illicit drugs Social determinants	Harmful alcohol consumption Poor nutrition Overweight & obesity Physical inactivity Cervical cancer screening Social determinants Smoking

1. Due to the interplay between these factors and current data sources it is impossible to attribute differences to a single sociodemographic factor.
2. Order of burden of disease of conditions based on rank order of excess burden of bottom quintile of SEIFA 1996, compared with top quintile. Order and inclusion of conditions not based on burden of disease in socioeconomically disadvantaged populations.
3. Condition list based on multiple measures, but not burden of disease based on disability adjusted life years. No rank order applies.
4. Health determinants listed are those in excess prevalence in the specific sub-population and are not in rank order of impact on burden of disease.