Queensland	(Affix identification label here)		
Queensland Government	URN:		
	Family name:		
	Given name(s):		
Club Foot Reconstruction	Address:		
Facility:			
A. Interpreter / cultural needs	Specific risks:		
An Interpreter Service is required?	There may be damage to blood vessels or nerves. This may or may not require further		
	surgery and may or may not cause permanent		
	No damage to the operated foot.		
,	<ul> <li>The deformity may recur. This may require further surgery.</li> </ul>		
B. Condition and treatment  The doctor has explained that you have the following	~ · ·		
condition: (Doctor to document in patient's own wor	worsening of pain and disability.		
	<ul> <li>The surgical cut may cause changes to the sensation and colour of the limb.</li> </ul>		
This condition requires the following procedure. (Doctor to document - include site and/or side when relevant to the procedure)	<ul> <li>In some people, healing of the wound may be abnormal and the wound can be thickened and red and the scar may be painful.</li> </ul>		
	D. Significant risks and procedure options		
_eft foot ☐ Yes ☐ No	(Doctor to document in space provided. Continue in Medical Record if necessary.)		
Right foot ☐ Yes ☐ No			
The following will be performed:			
A club foot reconstruction procedure is the release of	of		
the ligaments and tendons around the foot to enable			
the foot to be placed in the appropriate position.			
C. Risks of a club foot reconstruction			
There are risks and complications with this procedu	re.		
They include but are not limited to the following.			
General risks:	E. Risks of not having this procedure		
<ul> <li>Infection can occur, requiring antibiotics and further treatment.</li> </ul>	(Doctor to document in space provided. Continue in		
Bleeding could occur and may require a return the operating room. Bleeding is more common you have been taking blood thinning drugs such as Warfarin, Asprin, Clopidogrel (Plavix or Iscover) or Dipyridamole (Persantin or Asasant)	to Medical Record if necessary.) if h in).		
<ul> <li>Small areas of the lung can collapse, increasing the risk of chest infection. This may need antibiotics and physiotherapy.</li> </ul>	g		
Increased risk in obese people of wound infection, chest infection, heart and lung.			

### Heart attack or stroke could occur due to the strain on the heart.

complications, and thrombosis.

- Blood clot in the leg (DVT) causing pain and swelling. In rare cases part of the clot may break off and go to the lungs.
- Death as a result of this procedure is possible.

F.

**Anaesthetic** 

This procedure may require an anaesthetic. (Doctor to

document type of anaesthetic discussed)

M	<b>Queensland</b> Government
	Government

# **Club Foot Reconstruction**

(Affix identification labe	el here)		
URN:			
Family name:			
Given name(s):			
Address:			
Date of birth:	Sex: M	F	

Facility:

## G. Patient consent

I acknowledge that the doctor has explained;

- my medical condition and the proposed procedure, including additional treatment if the doctor finds something unexpected. I understand the risks, including the risks that are specific to
- the anaesthetic required for this procedure. I understand the risks, including the risks that are specific to me.
- other relevant procedure/treatment options and their associated risks.
- my prognosis and the risks of not having the procedure.
- that no guarantee has been made that the procedure will improve my condition even though it has been carried out with due professional care.
- the procedure may include a blood transfusion.
- tissues and blood may be removed and could be used for diagnosis or management of my condition, stored and disposed of sensitively by the hospital.
- if immediate life-threatening events happen during the procedure, they will be treated based on my discussions with the doctor or my Acute Resuscitation Plan.
- a doctor other than the Consultant may conduct the procedure. I understand this could be a doctor undergoing further training.

I have been given the following Patient Information Sheet/s:

About Your Anaesthetic OR
Epidural & Spinal Anaesthesia
Club Foot Reconstruction

- I was able to ask questions and raise concerns with the doctor about my condition, the proposed procedure and its risks, and my treatment options. My questions and concerns have been discussed and answered to my satisfaction.
- I understand I have the right to change my mind at any time, including after I have signed this form but, preferably following a discussion with my doctor.
- I understand that image/s or video footage may be recorded as part of and during my procedure and that these image/s or video/s will assist the doctor to provide appropriate treatment.

On the basis of the above statements,

# I request to have the procedure

Name of Pa	tient:			
Signature:				
Date:				
Patients	s who lack capacity to provide consent			
	t must be obtained from a substitute decision in the order below.			
Does the (AHD)?	the patient have an Advance Health Directive )?			
☐ Yes ►	Location of the original or certified copy of the AHD:			
□ No ►	Name of Substitute Decision Maker/s:			
	Signature:			
	Relationship to patient:			
	Date: PH No:			
	Source of decision making authority (tick one):			
	☐ Tribunal-appointed Guardian			
	Attorney/s for health matters under Enduring Power of Attorney or AHD			
	☐ Statutory Health Attorney			
	If none of these, the Adult Guardian has provided consent. Ph 1300 QLD OAG (753 624)			

## H. Doctor/delegate Statement

I have explained to the patient all the above points under the Patient Consent section (G) and I am of the opinion that the patient/substitute decision-maker has understood the information.

Name of

Name of Doctor/delegate:	 
Designation:	 
Signature:	 
Date:	

### I. Interpreter's statement

I have given a sight translation in

(state the patient's language here) of the consent form and assisted in the provision of any verbal and written information given to the patient/parent or guardian/substitute decision-maker by the doctor.

guardian/substitute decision-maker by the doctor.
Name of Interpreter:
interpreter.
Signature:
Date:



# **Consent Information - Patient Copy Club Foot Reconstruction**

Notes to talk to my doctor about:

## What do I need to know about this procedure?

A club foot reconstruction procedure is the release of the ligaments and tendons around the foot to enable the foot to be placed in the appropriate position.

## 2. My anaesthetic

This procedure will require an anaesthetic.

See About Your Anaesthetic OR Epidural and Spinal Anaesthetic for information about the anaesthetic and the risks involved. If you have any concerns, discuss these with your doctor.

If you have not been given an information sheet, please ask for one.

# 3. What are the risks of this specific procedure?

There are risks and complications with this procedure. They include but are not limited to the following.

#### General risks:

- · Infection can occur, requiring antibiotics and further treatment.
- Bleeding could occur and may require a return to the operating room. Bleeding is more common if you have been taking blood thinning drugs such as Warfarin, Asprin, Clopidogrel (Plavix or Iscover) or Dipyridamole (Persantin or Asasantin).
- Small areas of the lung can collapse, increasing the risk of chest infection. This may need antibiotics and physiotherapy.
- Increased risk in obese people of wound infection, chest infection, heart and lung complications, and thrombosis.
- Heart attack or stroke could occur due to the strain on the heart.
- · Blood clot in the leg (DVT) causing pain and swelling. In rare cases part of the clot may break off and go to the lungs.
- Death as a result of this procedure is possible.

### Specific risks:

- There may be damage to blood vessels or nerves. This may or may not require further surgery and may or may not cause permanent damage to the operated foot.
- The deformity may recur. This may require further surgery.
- More operations may be needed at an older age to further correct deformity.
- Abnormal pain response to surgery with worsening of pain and disability.
- The surgical cut may cause changes to the sensation and colour of the limb.
- In some people, healing of the wound may be abnormal and the wound can be thickened and red and the scar may be painful.
