D-DN04: Administer the Subjective Global Assessment (SGA)

Scope and objectives of clinical task

This CTI will enable the Allied Health Assistant (AHA) to:

• accurately and effectively administer the Subjective Global Assessment (SGA) and record the results.

Acknowledgements

The CTI reflects best practice and agreed process for conduct of the task at the time of approval and should not be altered. Feedback, including proposed amendments to this published document, should be directed to AHPOQ: allied_health_advisory@health.qld.gov.au.

This CTI should be used under a delegation framework implemented at the work unit level. The framework is available at: https://www.health.qld.gov.au/ahwac.


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Requisite training, knowledge, skills and experience

Training

- Completion of:
  - CTI D-WTS01 When to stop
  - CTI D-DN01 Height, Weight and BMI
- Mandatory training requirements relevant to Queensland Health/HHS clinical roles are assumed knowledge for this CTI.
- Completion of the following Queensland Health allied health assistant training modules (or corresponding units of competency in HLT43015 Certificate IV in Allied Health Assistance) or equivalent work-based learning:
  - Nutrition & Dietetics Guide for Allied Health Assistants (part 2), Learning Topic 5 - Nutrition risk screening and implementation of nutrition support, pages 221-252.
  

Clinical knowledge

The following content knowledge is required by an AHA delivering this task:

- the definition and common clinical features of malnutrition and the rationale for the early identification of malnutrition
- the purpose of the SGA including when it is used, the information collected, process for collection and forming a rating and documentation requirements
- the meaning of a percentage weight change and how it is calculated.

The knowledge requirements will be met by the following activities:

- completing the training program/s (listed above)
- reviewing of the Learning Resource
- receiving instruction from an allied health professional in the training phase.

Skills or experience

The following skills or experience are not identified in the task procedure but support the safe and effective performance of the task and are required by an AHA delivering this task:

- Nil

Safety & quality

Client

- The AHA will apply CTI D-WTS01 When to stop at all times.
- In addition, the following potential risks and precautions have been identified for this clinical task and should be monitored carefully by the AHA during the task:
– The SGA has not been validated for pregnant women or clients who are less than 18 years of age. If the client is pregnant or less than 18 years of age, cease the task and inform the delegating health professional

– As the SGA includes the collection of subjective information and consent to view and palpate body parts, effective communication is important. This may include ensuring the client is wearing hearing aids, using an interpreter or conducting the assessment in an environment where distractions are reduced e.g. by turning off the television/radio. If the client is unable to answer questions or does not consent to having body parts viewed or being palpated, cease the task and liaise with the delegating health professional

– The examination of fat stores is best performed in sitting, either on the side of the bed or in a chair. If the client is unable to sit due to medical/surgical restrictions, balance problems or other conditions conduct the assessment in lying. Determine that there are no restrictions to lying flat or bending the lower limbs prior to positioning the client. If restrictions are present, cease the task and liaise with the delegating health professional. If the client is lying in bed during the physical assessment of the calf, knee and quadriceps, the client should be positioned to lie flat with one leg bent i.e. the knee is at a right angle.

Equipment, aids and appliances

• Nil

Environment

• Examination of the client’s fat and muscle stores includes viewing of the knees, lower legs, arms and back. Generally full removal of clothing items is not required. However, if performing the task in a shared area, it is advisable to draw the curtain or close the door to maintain privacy.

Performance of Clinical Task

1. Delegation instructions

• Receive the delegated task from the health professional
• The delegating allied health professional should clearly identify parameters for delivering the clinical task to the specific client, including any variance from the usual task procedure and expected outcomes. This may include performing only part of the SGA e.g. history or physical assessment only.

2. Preparation

• Obtain a local SGA recording form, black pen, clipboard and calculator.
• If the client has not been weighed in the last seven days, locate the scales for weighing.

3. Introduce task and seek consent

• The AHA introduces him/herself to the client
• The AHA checks three forms of client identification: full name, date of birth, plus one of the following: hospital UR number, Medicare number, or address
• The AHA describes the task to the client. For example:
  – “I have been asked by the dietitian to gather some information about your nutritional status. This will involve asking you some questions about your weight, food intake, any symptoms you have been experiencing that may affect your food intake and your recent activity levels. It will also involve a physical examination of your muscle and fat stores.”

• The AHA seeks informed consent according to the Queensland Health Guide to Informed Decision-making in Health Care, 2nd edition (2017).

4. Positioning

• The client’s position during the task should be:
  – comfortably sitting on the side of the bed or in a chair, with feet resting flat on the ground or lying in bed.

• The AHA’s position during the task should be:
  – standing in front of the client if in sitting or standing beside the bed if the client is in lying.

5. Task procedure

• Explain and demonstrate (where applicable) the task to the client.

• Check the client has understood the task and provide an opportunity to ask questions.

• The task comprises the following steps:
  1. Collect information from the client and the medical chart on the client’s weight history (previous six months and two weeks), changes in dietary intake, history of gastrointestinal symptoms (duration and frequency) and history of functional capacity using the SGA recording form. See ‘Required reading’ in the Learning Resource for example questions to elicit responses from clients.
  2. Confirm the client’s current weight. If the client has not been weighed in the last 7 days, weigh the client by implementing CTI D-DN01.
  3. If the client history indicates a weight loss determine the percentage weight change using a calculator. Note: this can occur after examining fat stores as part of completing documentation.
  4. Complete hand hygiene procedures prior to examining the client. If the client is lying in bed, position the client for examination. See the ‘Safety and quality’ section.
  5. Examine the client’s fat stores (under the eyes, triceps, biceps), muscle mass (temple, clavicle, shoulder, scapula/ribs, quadriceps, calf, knee, interosseous muscle) and note signs of oedema or ascites.
  6. Repeat hand hygiene procedures.
  7. From the information gathered, complete the rating for each sub-section in the medical history and physical examination part of the standard form using the rating scale.
  8. Allocate an overall SGA rating\textsuperscript{1}. If the final rating is unclear, such as if mixed sub-section ratings are present, liaise with the dietitian prior to allocating an overall rating.

\textsuperscript{1} Newman, CS, Cornwell, PL, Young, AM, Ward, EC, & McErlain, AL (2017) in a feasibility study examined if AHA’s could administer the SGA with acceptable levels of clinical accuracy compared with dietitians in rural hospitals. The agreement for overall SGA ratings was high (kappa 0.84, PEA 84.4\%). This is considered to be ‘almost perfect’ and consistent with previous studies for assessing reliability of the SGA. AHA’s were more likely to provide a more severe rating of malnutrition than the dietitian. The study concluded that trained AHA’s completed the SGA with similar accuracy to dietitians.
During the task:
– provide feedback and correct errors in the performance of the task including when examining fat stores, the client may tense their muscles, making it difficult to accurately rate subcutaneous fat. Clients should be encouraged to “relax their muscles” during the examination
– monitor for adverse reactions and implement appropriate mitigation strategies as outlined in the “Safety and quality” section above including CTI D-WTS01 When to stop.

At the conclusion of the task:
– encourage feedback from the client on the task
– provide summary feedback to client, e.g. “Thank you for your time. I will provide this information to the dietitian. The dietitian will use this information with consideration of your medical history, to determine if there are any concerns about your nutritional status.”
– ensure the client is comfortable and safe.

6. Document

– Document the outcomes of the task in the clinical record, consistent with relevant documentation standards and local procedures. Include observations of client performance, expected outcomes that were and were not achieved, and difficulties encountered or symptoms reported by the client during the task.
– For this task the following specific information should be presented:
  “Completed Subjective Global Assessment (SGA) as delegated by dietitian (dietitian’s name) on (date of request). Overall rating (A, B or C). Completed SGA form provided to dietitian for review and follow-up as required.”
– The SGA form is to be filed into the client’s chart as per local processes after the dietitian has reviewed information.

7. Report to delegating health professional

– Provide comprehensive feedback to the health professional who delegated the task including:
  – ratings and observations
  – any specific concerns or questions that the client or carer/family had with regard to nutrition or care generally.

References and supporting documents

Assessment: Performance Criteria Checklist
D-DN04: Administer the Subjective Global Assessment (SGA)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Criteria</th>
<th>Knowledge acquired</th>
<th>Supervised task practice</th>
<th>Competency assessment</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Date and initials of supervising AHP</td>
<td>Date and initials of supervising AHP</td>
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<tr>
<td>Demonstrates knowledge of fundamental concepts required to undertake the task.</td>
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<td>Obtains all required information from the delegating health professional, and seeks clarification if required, prior to accepting and proceeding with the delegated task.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Completes preparation for task including Completes preparation for task including</td>
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<tr>
<td>a) Reviews client’s medical record to identify any limitations for conducting the SGA.</td>
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<tr>
<td>b) Collects relevant information to complete the first section of the SGA i.e. weight changes, dietary changes, gastrointestinal impairment and functional impairment</td>
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<td>c) Gathers required equipment - SGA form, pen and if required, a calculator and scales.</td>
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<td>Introduces self to client and checks client identification.</td>
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<td>Describes purpose of delegated task and seeks informed consent.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Positions self and client appropriately to complete task and ensure safety.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Delivers task effectively and safely as per delegated instructions and CTI procedure.</td>
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<tr>
<td>a) Clearly explains task, checking the client’s understanding.</td>
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<tr>
<td>b) Completes the collection of required subjective information and confirms information gathered from the medical record. If required uses example questions from the learning resources to elicit responses from clients.</td>
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<tr>
<td>c) Confirms the client’s current weight. If indicated, weighs the client by implementing CTI D-DN01.</td>
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<td>d) If the client records a weight loss determines the percentage weight change for the client using a calculator.</td>
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<td>e) Completes hand hygiene procedures prior to examining the client.</td>
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<td>f) Positions the client correctly for examination (either sitting or lying) and examines the client’s fat stores, looking for signs of oedema or ascites.</td>
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<td>g)</td>
<td>Repeats hand hygiene procedure.</td>
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<td>h)</td>
<td>Correctly records a rating for each sub-section using the scale.</td>
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<td>i)</td>
<td>Allocates an overall rating or seeks support if rating unclear.</td>
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<td>j)</td>
<td>During task, maintains a safe clinical environment and manages risks appropriately</td>
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<td>k)</td>
<td>Provides feedback to the client on performance during and at completion of the task.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Documents the outcomes of the task in the clinical record, consistent with relevant documentation standards and local procedures.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Provides accurate and comprehensive feedback to the delegating health professional.</td>
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**Comments:**

**Record of assessment of competence**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assessor name:</th>
<th>Assessor position:</th>
<th>Competence achieved:</th>
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**Scheduled review**

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Administer the Subjective Global Assessment (SGA): Learning Resource

Required reading and viewing


The majority of the knowledge components for using the SGA are located in the RBWH Foundation (2014) resource. It includes case examples which are to be completed with the guidance of a dietitian. If this resource is not available in the local work unit, the dietitian could implement an alternative program including the viewing of the Rush Nutrition (2013) resource, work shadowing, inservices, case studies/scenarios including question and answer sessions.

- RBWH Foundation (2014). Nutrition Assessment DVD.
- Rush Nutrition (2013). SGA Presentation. Available at: https://youtu.be/NC1x5hnFKtA

Example recording form


How to calculate a percentage weight change

To calculate a percentage weight change, determine the client’s usual weight and their current weight.

\[
\frac{(\text{usual weight} - \text{current weight}) \times 100}{\text{usual weight}} = \text{percentage weight change}
\]

Example: usual weight is 70kg, current weight is 67kg

\[
\frac{(70kg - 67kg) \times 100}{70kg} = 4.3\% \text{ weight loss}
\]

Optional reading


Note: If using this calculator, ensure the setting is metric i.e. kilogram (kg)