# Balloon catheter

# Induction of labour

See flowchart: Method of induction

# Balloon catheter (BC)

## Indications

- MBS ≤ 6
- · Preferred cervical ripening agent if previous CS or uterine surgery, grand multiparity or known SGA/FGR
- Following dinoprostone if no/minimal effect on cervical ripening and ARM not technically possible

#### Contraindications

- Ruptured membranes
- · Undiagnosed bleeding
- Abnormal FHR or CTG

#### Cautions

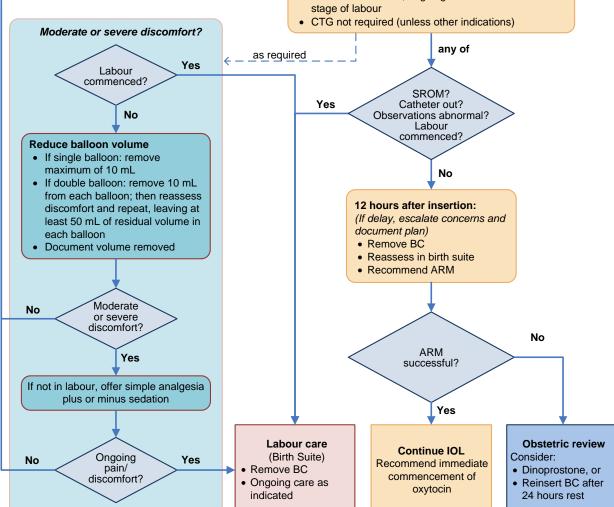
- Fetal head not engaged (4/5 or 5/5 above pelvic brim)
- Polyhydramnios
- Simultaneous use of prostaglandins

## Insertion procedure

- · Pre catheter insertion:
  - o Complete pre IOL assessment complete
  - o Encourage to empty bladder
- · Performed by medical or midwifery staff:
  - o Contact a more experienced clinician if two unsuccessful attempts
- Inflate BC with sterile water or 0.9% sodium chloride:
  - o Double balloon: 80 mL each balloon
  - o Single balloon: 80 mL
  - o Foley balloon: 30-50 mL
- · Document inflation volume and time of insertion

## Post procedure

- Pulse, BP, FHR, uterine activity, engagement of fetal head and vaginal loss
  - o Immediately, and repeat at 30 minutes
  - o If malpresentation or fetal head 5/5 palpable after insertion, medical review required
- If observations normal, no contractions and not otherwise indicated, ongoing care as for latent first stage of labour



ARM: artificial rupture of membranes; BP: blood pressure; BC: balloon catheter; CS: caesarean section; CTG: cardiotocograph; FHR: fetal heart rate; IOL: induction of labour; MBS: modified Bishop score; SROM: spontaneous rupture of membranes; S: less than or equal to

Queensland Clinical Guideline. Induction of labour. Flowchart: F22.22-2-V7-R27



