1. **Statement**

The Department of Health shall effectively manage the ‘financial commissioning’ of capital infrastructure and software works in progress (CWIP and SWIP) for Department of Health facilities throughout the life of a project to ensure timely, accurate and appropriate capitalisation of assets.

2. **Scope**

Compliance with the requirements in this standard is mandatory.

This standard applies to all employees, contractors and consultants within the Department of Health divisions and commercialised business units.

This standard can be used by Hospital and Health Services either as is, by re-branding or as a base for a Hospital and Health Service specific policy.

3. **Principles**

Compliance with this standard will ensure timely, accurate and appropriate capitalisation of assets.

All activities undertaken to commission CWIP and SWIP projects shall be carried out in accordance with the Financial Commissioning and Capitalisation of Expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipment Guideline.

4. **Requirements**

4.1 **Financial management of CWIP and SWIP throughout the lifecycle of the project using FAMMIS**

4.1.1 All activities undertaken to financially commission and capitalise projects for CWIP and SWIP shall be carried out in accordance with the Financial Commissioning and Capitalisation of Expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipment Guideline.

4.1.2 Capital Budgets and Accounting Team (CBA Team), Health Infrastructure Branch, (HIB) shall manage and report to the Finance Branch on CWIP, SWIP and other capital assets acquired under the capital works program.

4.1.3 Responsible officers in the CBA Team shall establish a series of internal order numbers (series 8) within the FAMMIS Investment Management Module to capture costs for CWIP, SWIP and Group 1 assets. These costs include any accumulated costs incurred in the construction, refurbishment, upgrade and/or enhancement of capital infrastructure.

4.1.4 Project directors and/or responsible officers shall use these internal order numbers to record all capital costs in FAMMIS until such time as the physical asset is ready for use.

4.1.5 CWIP and SWIP shall only accumulate costs for capital related expenditure that meets the department’s asset recognition threshold.

4.1.6 CWIP and SWIP shall not contain any direct asset purchases (DAP). Assets classified as DAP, including the purchase of land, buildings and furniture, fittings and equipment (FF&E) shall be recorded within the series 6 internal order numbers.
4.2 Capitalising infrastructure at the completion of a project

4.2.1 At the completion of a project, new building, refurbishment or upgrade of an existing building, project directors and/or responsible officers shall provide the CBA Team, within five business days of the date of issue and always within the same financial year, a Practical Completion (PC) Certificate or, where a PC is not issued a Capitalisation Advice Template.

4.2.2 Project directors and/or responsible officers shall obtain from the building contractor or hospital and health service (HHS) maintenance unit a detailed cost breakdown for individual assets.

4.2.3 The project director and/or responsible officer shall provide the detailed cost breakdown accompanied by the PC or Capitalisation Advice Template to the CBA Team within 30 business days of the date of issue of the PC or Capitalisation Advice Template.

4.2.4 The CBA Team shall assess the detailed cost breakdown and complete the Transfer Work in Progress form and forward to the asset officer.

4.2.5 The asset officer in the HHS or division shall create, within five business days, the asset shell within FAMMIS enabling assets to be recognised on their asset register.

4.2.6 The CBA Team shall complete capitalisation of known attributable costs to the financial asset shell within FAMMIS.

4.2.7 Any additional costs incurred after the initial financial commissioning of the asset which are directly attributable costs, shall be capitalised and added to the asset shell in FAMMIS on finalisation of the project.

4.2.8 Responsible officers shall manage and monitor any directly attributable residual expenditure until all project costs are finalised.

4.2.9 The responsible officer shall notify the CBA Team within five business days of the finalisation of a project to complete the capitalisation of residual costs to the asset shell.

5. Related legislation and documents

Relevant legislation and associated documentation includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- Capital funding Policy
- Financial Accountability Act 2009 (Qld)
- Financial and Performance Management Standard 2009
- Queensland Treasury and Trade Non-Current Assets Policies for Queensland Public Sector
### 6. Definitions

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| **Asset**                   | A resource controlled by the department's as a result of past events and from which future economic benefits are expected to flow to the State.  
Note 1: An asset includes physical assets, such as buildings and other infrastructure, which provide future economic benefits for more than 12 months and the cost or value of the asset can be reliably measured. Any item which has a life of less than 12 months is expensed under a maintenance or operational budget and cannot be classed as an asset.  
Note 2: Portable and attractive equipment that does not meet the asset recognition threshold is expensed.                                                                                   |
| **Asset class**             | The prescribed category of asset which is identified by threshold, the type of item.  
Note: Asset’s value must reach or exceed the threshold of their asset class as mandated by Queensland Treasury’s Non-Current Asset Policies for Queensland Public Sector.  
Note: Asset Classes are as follows:  
- land  
- building  
- land improvements  
- artworks  
- computer hardware  
- engineering  
- furniture and fittings, leasehold improvements  
- medical equipment less than $200,000  
- medical equipment greater than $200,000  
- office equipment  
- vehicles  
- work in progress  
- computer software purchased  
- computer software work in progress.                                                                                   |
| **Asset officer**           | The person responsible for administering and maintaining the asset register for the HHS, division.  
Note 1: The asset officer maintains the asset register module within Finance and Materials Management Information System (FAMMIS) by creating, updating, disposing, stocktaking and reporting on the HHS’ assets.  
Note 2: To assist in asset recognition of threshold refer to 1.3.4, “Asset Accounting Asset Recognition Quick Reference Sheet”.                                                                 |
| **Asset shell**             | An information record created in the FAMMIS asset module which can then be populated with the description, location of the asset and corresponding cost centre.  
Note: The threshold of the asset determines the type of asset class.  
Note: The useful life is assigned to the asset shell and on assignment of the relevant asset category the allocated asset shell is created.                                                   |
| **Capitalisation**          | The transfer of expenditure from CWIP or SWIP to record an asset in the department's asset register.                                                                                                         |
| **Capital Works in Progress (CWIP)** | An asset under construction, installation, upgrade or enhancement that is recorded in the Investment Management Module within the Financial and FAMMIS.  
Note: An asset includes building infrastructure, hardware, software, group 1 assets and land works that upon completion will be identified as an asset in the Department of Health’s financial statements.                                               |
| **Financial Commissioning** | The transfer of the final value from CWIP or SWIP to a Building/Land improvement, plant and equipment or software asset shell in FAMMIS, upon Practical Completion.                                              |
### Financial and Materials Management Information System (FAMMIS)

An integrated business management solution which utilises SAP R/3 enterprise resource planning software. It is a fully integrated system that has enabled the department to consolidate a range of business processing and reporting functions and implement accrual accounting across all HHSs and System Manager.

### Group 1 asset

An item supplied and installed by a Building Contractor as part of a capital works infrastructure project.

### Investment Management Module

The capital investment recording module within FAMMIS.  
Note: This module is used to allocate the current financial year budget and the total estimated costs of approved projects that have been endorsed by Budget Paper 3 (BP3) – Capital Statement.

### Nominal life

The nominal life of an asset is the useful life assigned to the asset class to which it belongs.

### Physical/Practical Completion

The stage of a project where the asset is installed/prepared ready for use in accordance with its intended application and ownership has transferred to the Department of Health.

### Practical Completion (PC) Certificate

The certificate issued by the Building Contractor or HHS’ maintenance unit advising the completion of a stage of work.  
Note: This may include complete construction, installation of an asset and or software, installation of group 1 assets or land works, for a new build, refurbishment, upgrade or enhancements.

### Responsible Officer

The appointed person within the project team responsible for, but not limited to, managing, monitoring and reporting on the project’s financial performance including the preparation and maintenance of detailed budgets, cash flows, monthly financial reporting and cost analysis, maintaining contract, legal fees and consultancy registers and the preparation of the cost breakdown of individual infrastructure assets to HIB.  
Note: This officer is also responsible for the creation, monitoring and maintenance of purchase orders, general journals and internal order numbers.

### Software Works in Progress (SWIP)

Work undertaken for new or developed software or upgrade enhancements to existing software.

### Upgrade or Enhancement

Capital invested in an existing asset to improve its condition and performance (service potential) of the asset and extends its useful life.

### Useful life

An estimated period of time over which an asset is expected to be used, or the benefits represented by the asset are expected to be derived by the department.  
Note: The asset must have an expected useful life of more than twelve months.  
Note: All non-current assets having limited a useful life are to be depreciated in accordance with AASB 116, 136, and 138 and Queensland Treasury’s Non-Current Asset policies for the Queensland Public Sector.

### Version Control

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<td>1 March 2012</td>
<td>New Implementation Standard</td>
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