



Queensland Government

# Pyloromyotomy- (Ramstedt's Operation) Child / Young Person

Facility:

(Affix identification label here)

URN:

Family name:

Given name(s):

Address:

Date of birth:

Sex:  M  F  I

### A. Interpreter / cultural needs

- An Interpreter Service is required?  Yes  No
- If Yes, is a qualified Interpreter present?  Yes  No
- A Cultural Support Person is required?  Yes  No
- If Yes, is a Cultural Support Person present?  Yes  No

### B. Condition and treatment

The doctor has explained that you and/or my child has the following condition: *(Doctor to document in patient's own words)*

This condition requires the following procedure. *(Doctor to document - include site and/or side where relevant to the procedure)*

The following will be performed:

A Pyloromyotomy or Ramstedt's procedure is where the muscle of the pylorus (at the end of the stomach) is divided to allow normal stomach emptying.

### C. Risks of a pyloromyotomy- (ramstedt's operation)

There are risks and complications with this procedure. They include but are not limited to the following.

#### General risks:

- Infection can occur which may require treatment including antibiotics.
- Bleeding could occur and may require a return to the operating room. Bleeding is more common if you have been taking blood thinning drugs such as Warfarin or Aspirin.
- Small areas of the lung can collapse, increasing the risk of chest infection. This may need antibiotics and physiotherapy.
- Impaired circulation may occur to a limb or to an organ which may require further treatment
- Death or brain damage as a result of this procedure is possible.

#### Specific risks:

- Rarely when the muscle is divided, the stomach lining may be holed. This could result in leakage of stomach fluid into the abdomen. This may need further surgery.

- Damage to the bowel, which may cause leakage of bowel fluid. This may need further surgery.
- Deep bleeding in the abdomen. This may need fluid replacement or further surgery.
- The bowel movement may be paralysed or blocked after surgery. This may cause a build up of fluid in the bowel with bloating of the tummy and vomiting. Further treatment may be necessary.
- A weakness in the wound with complete or incomplete, bursting of the wound in the short term, or a hernia in the long term. This may need further surgery.
- The baby may continue to vomit for some days after the operation.
- Rarely further surgery may be necessary to divide more muscle.
- In some babies, healing of the wound may be abnormal and the wound can be thickened and red and may be painful.
- Adhesions (bands of scar tissue) may form and cause bowel blockage. This can be a short term or a long-term complication and may need further surgery.

### D. Significant risks and procedure options

*(Doctor to document in space provided. Continue in Medical Record if necessary.)*

### E. Risks of not having this procedure

*(Doctor to document in space provided. Continue in Medical Record if necessary.)*

### F. Anaesthetic

This procedure may require an anaesthetic. *(Doctor to document type of anaesthetic discussed)*



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## G. Parent / Patient/ Substitute Decision Maker consent

I acknowledge that the doctor has explained to me and/or my child:

- the medical condition and the proposed procedure, including additional treatment if the doctor finds something unexpected. I understand the risks, including the risks that are specific to me.
- the anaesthetic required for this procedure. I understand the risks, including the risks that are specific to me/my child.
- other relevant procedure / treatment options and their associated risks.
- my / my child's prognosis and the risks of not having the procedure.
- that no guarantee has been made that the procedure will improve the condition even though it has been carried out with due professional care.
- the procedure may include a blood transfusion.
- tissues and blood may be removed and could be used for diagnosis or management of my / my child's condition, stored and disposed of sensitively by the hospital.
- if immediate life-threatening events happen during the procedure, health care will be provided in accordance with good clinical practice and in the best interests of the patient.
- a doctor other than the Consultant may conduct the procedure. I understand this could be a doctor undergoing further training.

### I have been given the following Information Sheet/s:

- About Your Child's Anaesthetic
- Pyloromyotomy- (Ramstedt's Operation) - Child/ Young Person

- My child and/or I were able to ask questions and raise concerns with the doctor about the condition, the proposed procedure and its risks, and my treatment options. Any questions and concerns have been discussed and answered to my/our satisfaction.
- I understand that I have the right to change my/our mind at any time, including after I have signed this form but, preferably following a discussion with my doctor.
- I understand that image/s or video footage may be recorded as part of and during the procedure and that these image/s or video/s will assist the doctor to provide appropriate treatment.

On the basis of the above statements,

## I request that my child has the procedure

Name of parent / Substitute Decision Maker/s: .....

Signature: .....

Relationship to patient: .....

Date: ..... PH No: .....

If applicable: source of decision making authority (tick one):

- Court order →  Court order verified
- Legal guardian →  Documentation verified
- Other: ..... →  Documentation verified

## AND / OR for the young person

Based on *Gillick vs West Norfolk Area Health Authority* [1986] 1AC 112 a minor (i.e a patient under 18 years of age) is capable of giving informed consent when he or she achieves a sufficient understanding and intelligence to enable him or her to fully understand the nature, consequences and risks of the proposed procedure/treatment and the consequences of non-treatment.

## I request to have this procedure

Name of patient: .....

Signature: .....

Date: .....

## H. Doctor/delegate Statement

I have explained to the patient all the above points under the Patient Consent section (G) and I am of the opinion that the patient/substitute decision-maker has understood the information.

Name of Doctor/delegate: .....

Designation: .....

Signature: .....

Date: .....

## I. Interpreter's statement

I have given a sight translation in .....

(state the patient's language here) of the consent form and assisted in the provision of any verbal and written information given to the patient/parent or guardian/substitute decision-maker by the doctor.

Name of Interpreter: .....

Signature: .....

Date: .....

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS BINDING MARGIN

