# **Clinical Task Instruction**

**DELEGATED TASK** 

# D-DN05: Provide education on risk management strategies for a client with, or at risk of, malnutrition

# Scope and objectives of clinical task

This CTI will enable the Allied Health Assistant (AHA) to:

- provide standard risk management education, information and resources to clients with, or at risk of, malnutrition using the Queensland Health Nutrition Education Materials Online (NEMO).
- provide client-specific information/education, as defined by the health professional in the delegation instruction or local protocol.

#### **VERSION CONTROL**

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Approved: (Operational) Chief Allied Health Officer, Allied Health Professions' Office of Qld. Date approved: 14/01/2019

Document custodian: Chief Allied Health Officer, Allied Health Professions' Office of Qld. Review date: 14/01/2022

Acknowledgements:

The CTI reflects best practice and agreed process for conduct of the task at the time of approval and should not be altered. Feedback, including proposed amendments to this published document, should be directed to AHPOQ: allied health advisory@health.qld.gov.au.

This CTI should be used under a delegation framework implemented at the work unit level. The framework is available at: <a href="https://www.health.qld.gov.au/ahwac">https://www.health.qld.gov.au/ahwac</a>

Please check https://www.health.qld.gov.au/ahwac/html/clintaskinstructions.asp for the latest version of this CTI.

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# Requisite training, knowledge, skills and experience

#### **Training**

- Completion of CTI D-WTS01 When to stop
- Mandatory training requirements relevant to Queensland Health/HHS clinical roles are assumed knowledge for this CTI.
- Completion of the following Queensland Health allied health assistant training module (or corresponding units of competency in HLT43015 Certificate IV in Allied Health Assistance) or equivalent work-based learning:
  - Nutrition and Dietetics Guide for Allied Health Assistants. Part 1, section 2.1 Principles of Nutrition pp 47-52.

Access the module at: https://www.health.gld.gov.au/ahwac/html/ahassist-modules

Implementation of this CTI by some local services may include protocol-driven processes that support
additional information collection about the client's malnutrition status such as local screening protocols or
audit processes. Where this is the case, additional training is required e.g. workplace instructions, audit
tools and CTIs that support the model.

### Clinical knowledge

The following content knowledge is required by an AHA delivering this task:

- the principles of nutrition for good health
- the rationale for providing nutritional education to clients with, or at risk of, malnutrition including common questions and responses, and indications to seek further management or advice e.g. allergies, cultural/religious requirements, intolerances and fads
- the range of NEMO education/information resources used to provide nutritional education with relevance to the local client cohort, client's health and healthcare needs
- relevant processes and protocols related to the local service delivery model e.g. workplace instructions, clinical reasoning flowcharts, intake criteria, audit tools and recording forms.

The knowledge requirements will be met by the following activities:

- completing the training program/s (listed above)
- reviewing the Learning Resource
- receiving instruction from an allied health professional in the training phase.

#### Skills or experience

The following skills or experience are not identified in the task procedure but support the safe and effective performance of the task and are required by an AHA delivering this task:

• Nil

Clinical Task Instruction - 2 -

# Safety & quality

#### Client

- The AHA will apply CTI D-WTS01 When to stop at all times.
- In addition, the following potential risks and precautions have been identified for this clinical task and should be monitored carefully by the AHA during the task:
  - Only clients with, or at risk of, malnutrition should be provided with education on risk management strategies. If the client does not have a documented malnutrition status, cease the task and implement local processes for malnutrition screening. If the client's malnutrition status does not match the delegation instruction or meet the local protocol for delivery of this CTI, cease the task and liaise with the delegating health professional.
  - A dietitian will be contributing to a feeding management plan if a client is receiving enteral nutrition
    e.g. nasogastric tube, parenteral nutrition or percutaneous endoscopic gastrostomy (PEG). If the
    client is receiving enteral feeding and this was not part of the delegation instruction, liaise with the
    delegating health professional prior to commencing the task.
  - Clients may be placed on Nil by Mouth (NBM) orders at short notice. This may be due to tube feeding
    or prior to having a procedure e.g. investigation or surgery. Clients can still receive education whilst
    NBM although timing should be considered for effectiveness. If NBM orders were not part of the
    delegation instruction, liaise with the delegating health professional prior to commencing the task.
  - As part of providing education, determine if the client has any allergies, cultural or religious requirements, intolerances or food fads. If these do not match with the delegation instruction or conflict with information on the standardised education resource, cease the task and inform the delegating health professional e.g. allergies or intolerance to dairy.
  - When providing education, if the client demonstrates signs of poor cognition including short term memory loss, confusion, perceptual problems or poor attention, cease the task. If the client has a carer present, educate the carer. If there is no carer, cease the task and liaise with the delegating health professional.
  - Clients who are from a non-English speaking background may benefit from the use of an interpreter.
     NEMO resources are also available in other languages. If not included as part of the delegation instruction or the client appears to be having problems with understanding due to language, liaise with the delegating health professional.
  - Clients requesting information beyond that available in the standard education resource and this CTI should be followed up by the delegating health professional e.g. the client indicates they have previously been advised to avoid flavoured milks due to diabetes. AHAs must not attempt to provide information that sits outside their scope of clinical knowledge and training. Offering information based on personal opinion or experience is not appropriate in a clinical setting.
  - If clients express concern about the information the AHA is providing, or indicate that they have heard something different, reassure the client that the information provided is the most up to date available, and has been developed by a state-wide dietetic network. If the AHA is unable to answer questions, or the client continues to indicate they believe the information is not correct, consult with the delegating health professional.

## **Equipment, aids and appliances**

Nil

Clinical Task Instruction - 3 -

#### **Environment**

 Ensure the environment is managed appropriately for effective communication e.g. minimising distractions, closing the door or curtain for privacy, having the client wear their reading glasses and/or hearing aids.

#### **Performance of Clinical Task**

### 1. Delegation instructions

- Receive the delegated task from the health professional.
  - Note: the delegation instruction for this task may be provided directly from a health professional or as part of a local work instruction or clinical protocol and may be provided concurrently with the instruction for CTI D-DN02 Malnutrition Screening Tool (MST) and/or CTI D-DN01 Height, Weight and Body Mass Index.
- The delegating allied health professional should clearly identify parameters for delivering the clinical task to the specific client, including any variance from the usual task procedure and expected outcomes. This may include:
  - malnutrition status e.g. malnourished or at risk of malnutrition
  - objective measures e.g. Malnutrition Screening Tool (MST) score, Subjective Global Assessment (SGA) score, Body Mass Index (BMI)
  - current nutrition care plan e.g. current diet, meals and snacks, high protein meals, supplements, special diet codes, mealtime assistance required
  - the client resource/handout or poster for use
  - specific information to be adjusted, emphasised or discussed during the education session. Refer to the Learning Resource.
  - factors impacting the delivery of information such as hearing or sight problems, English as a second language or neurological problems impacting communication.

#### 2. Preparation

Collect or print the required client education resources.

#### 3. Introduce task and seek consent

- The AHA introduces him/herself to the client.
- The AHA checks three forms of client identification: full name, date of birth, *plus one* of the following: hospital UR number, Medicare number, or address.
- The AHA describes the task to the client. For example:
  - "I have been asked to provide you with some information on (name of resource requested)."
- The AHA seeks informed consent according to the Queensland Health Guide to Informed Decisionmaking in Health Care, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition (2017).

Clinical Task Instruction - 4 -

#### 4. Positioning

- The client's position during the task should be:
  - in a comfortable position to read printed resources (where relevant) and converse with the AHA.
     Ideally the client should be seated in a chair or sitting up in bed.
- The AHA's position during the task should be:
  - in a position to read the information resource and converse with the client. Ideally the AHA should be facing the client and at eye level. Positioning such that the client can clearly see the AHA is particularly important for clients with hearing or other communication problems.

#### 5. Task procedure

- Explain and demonstrate (where applicable) the task to the client.
- Check the client has understood the task and provide an opportunity to ask questions.
- The task comprises the following steps:
  - 1. Where possible, move to a guiet area or close curtains/door to limit distractions.
  - 2. Confirm the client's ability to participate in the education. See the 'Safety and quality' section.
  - 3. If required for the local service model, complete an audit checklist e.g. confirm clients understanding of malnutrition screening occurring and education provided (see the Learning Resource). If not required for the local service model, continue to step 4.
  - 4. Provide the information/education resource to the client.
  - 5. Present the information/education e.g. a summary of the resource including any variants to the standard information requested by the delegating health professional or local service protocol.
  - 6. Discuss any particular strategies on the information brochure that have been highlighted by the delegating health professional.
- · During the task:
  - check that the client understands the information provided by asking if he/she has any questions and by gauging whether the client appears confused or concerned about the information.
  - note any questions that the client has that are not covered by the printed resource or by the AHA's training and indicate to the client that these questions will be provided to the relevant health professional for follow-up.
  - monitor for adverse reactions and implement appropriate mitigation strategies as outlined in the 'Safety and quality' section above including CTI D-WTS01 When to stop.
- At the conclusion of the task:
  - ask the client if they have understood and/or have any further questions.
  - ensure the client is comfortable and safe.

#### 6. Document

 Document the outcomes of the task in the clinical record, consistent with relevant documentation standards and local procedures. Include observation of client performance, expected outcomes that were and were not achieved, and difficulties encountered or symptoms reported by the client during the task.

Clinical Task Instruction - 5 -

- For this task the following specific information should be presented:
  - outcome of any required local audit processes e.g. score
  - topic of the education/information or title of the written resource provided
  - protocols or processes implemented for ongoing management.

#### 7. Report to delegating health professional

• Provide comprehensive feedback to the health professional who delegated the task.

# References and supporting documents

- Queensland Health (2015). Clinical Task Instruction D-WTS01 When to stop. https://www.health.gld.gov.au/ahwac/html/clintaskinstructions.asp
- Queensland Health (2017). Guide to Informed Decision-making in Health Care (2<sup>nd</sup> edition).
   <a href="https://www.health.qld.gov.au/">https://www.health.qld.gov.au/</a> data/assets/pdf\_file/0019/143074/ic-guide.pdf
- Queensland Health (2017). Nutrition Education Materials Online. http://www.health.gld.gov.au/nutrition/default.asp

Clinical Task Instruction - 6 -

# **Assessment: Performance Criteria Checklist**

D-DN05: Provide education on risk management strategies for a client with, or at risk of, malnutrition

Name:	Position:	Work Unit:

Performance Criteria		Knowledge acquired	Supervised task practice	Competency assessment
		Date and initials of supervising AHP	Date and initials of supervising AHP	Date and initials of supervising AHP
Demonstrates knowledge of fundamental concepts required to undertake the task.				
Obtains all required information from the delegating health professional, and seeks clarification if required, prior to accepting and proceeding with the delegated task.				
Completes preparation for the task including gathering equipment and relevant NEMO resources.				
Intro	duces self to the client and checks client identification.			
	ribes the purpose of the delegated task and seeks med consent.			
	ions self and client appropriately to complete the task ensure safety.			
	ers the task effectively and safely as per delegated uctions and CTI procedure.			
a)	Clearly explains the task, checking the client's understanding.			
b)	Where possible, moves to a quiet area or closes curtains/door to limit distractions.			
c)	Confirms the client's ability to participate in the education.			
d)	If required by the local service, completes audit checklists.			
e)	Provides the information/education resource to the client.			
f)	Presents information/education resource including any variants to the standard information requested by the delegating health practitioner or local service protocol.			
g)	Discusses any particular strategies on the information brochure that have been highlighted by the delegating health professional.			
h)	During the task, maintains a safe clinical environment and manages risks appropriately			
i)	Provides feedback to the client on performance during and at completion of the task.			
cons	iments the outcomes of the task in the clinical record, istent with relevant documentation standards and local edures.			
	ides accurate and comprehensive feedback to the gating health professional.			

Clinical Task Instruction -7 -

Comments on the local service model e.g. workplace instructions and protocols included during the training phase						
			assessed as competent to deliver:			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	v.health.qld.gov.au/nutrition/nemo_nutr	<u>'sup</u>		
	High Protein/High Energy Diet					
	_ 0 0,					
	High Protein/High Energy Recipes					
	Loss of Appetite					
	High Protein/High Energy Diet in Hospital					
	Quick Tips for HPHE diet					
Oth	You are at risk of malnutrition					
Ou	ner:		<del></del>			
			<del></del>			
	-					
			<del></del>			
If a	dditional resources are not lo	cated on NEMO, cite locat	on for each resource.			
	mments:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Record of assessment of competence						
	sessor	Assessor	Competence	/ /		
nan		position:	achieved:			
	neduled review					
Rev	view / / e					

Clinical Task Instruction - 8 -

# Provide education on risk management strategies for a client with, or at risk of, malnutrition: Learning Resource

#### Required reading

- Schultz U, Nothwehr F, Hanson J, Chrisman M, Haines H (2012). A nutrition information needs survey among older adults: application of adult learning principles. Quality in Ageing and Older Adults, 13(2): 145-153. Available at: https://doi.org/10.1108/14717791211231229
- Queensland Government: Queensland Health (2017). Welcome to Nutritional Education Materials Online (NEMO). Available at: <a href="https://www.health.qld.gov.au/nutrition">https://www.health.qld.gov.au/nutrition</a>

NEMO client education resources for the local service delivery model, including orientation to their location. These may include:

- High Protein/High Energy Diet
- High Protein/High Energy Drink
- High Protein/High Energy Recipes
- Loss of Appetite
- High Protein/High Energy Diet in Hospital
- Quick Tips for HPHE diet
- You are at risk of malnutrition, or malnourished

#### **Example of local audit tool**

 The SIMPLE approach. Peer audit tool. Available at: <a href="https://tpch.qld.libquides.com/ld.php?content\_id=44048779">https://tpch.qld.libquides.com/ld.php?content\_id=44048779</a>

#### Example adult learning questions when providing education on malnutrition

- Have you seen this before (show the client the education sheet)?
- Can I ask you some questions about malnutrition?
- Do you remember anybody speaking with you about malnutrition? What can you remember?
- Has anybody told you that you are at risk of malnutrition or malnourished?
- Do you think you are at risk of malnutrition or malnourished?
- Do you remember what foods are high in protein?
- · Have you been receiving additional snacks or supplements? Do you know why?
- Do you know your nutrition plan whilst staying in hospital?
- Do you know if you have a plan in place for when you go home from hospital?
- Do you think it is important for you to follow a plan to manage malnutrition risk either in hospital or after you go home?
- How will you get further information about an ongoing nutritional plan (GP, private dietitian, public dietitian if available, written information, website, other)?

Note: not all questions will be relevant for every client. Questions are provided to support education principles and are examples only and should not be used as a script.

Clinical Task Instruction - 9 -