A. Interpreter / cultural needs

- An Interpreter Service is required? Yes No
- A Cultural Support Person is required? Yes No

B. Condition and treatment

The doctor has explained that you have the following condition: (Doctor to document in patient’s own words)

This condition requires the following procedure. (Doctor to document - include site and/or side where relevant to the procedure)

The following will be performed:

A laparostomy procedure is the re-opening of the abdominal wound and possible excision of any dead tissue.

C. Risks of a laparostomy

There are risks and complications with this procedure. They include but are not limited to the following.

General risks:

- Infection can occur, requiring antibiotics and further treatment.
- Bleeding could occur and may require a return to the operating room. Bleeding is more common if you have been taking blood thinning drugs such as Warfarin, Aspirin, Clopidogrel (Plavix or Iscover) or Dipyridamole (Persantin or Asasantin).
- Small areas of the lung can collapse, increasing the risk of chest infection. This may need antibiotics and physiotherapy.
- Increased risk in obese people of wound infection, chest infection, heart and lung complications, and thrombosis.
- Heart attack or stroke could occur due to the strain on the heart.
- Blood clot in the leg (DVT) causing pain and swelling. In rare cases part of the clot may break off and go to the lungs.
- Death as a result of this procedure is possible.

Specific Risks:

- Deep bleeding in the abdominal cavity could occur and this may need fluid replacement or further surgery.

- Damage of the bowel may occur which may cause leakage of bowel fluid. This may need further surgery.
- Infections such as pus collections can occur in the abdominal cavity. This may need surgical drainage.
- The bowel movement may be paralysed or blocked after surgery and this may cause building up of fluid in the bowel with bloating of the abdomen and vomiting. Further treatment may be necessary for this.
- Especially in a male there may be difficulty passing urine and a tube (catheter) may need to be inserted into the bladder until the bladder can empty normally.
- A weakness can occur in the wound with complete or incomplete, bursting of the wound in the short term or a hernia in the long term.
- In some people healing of the wound may be abnormal and the wound can be thickened and red and may be painful.
- Adhesions (bands of scar tissue) may form and cause bowel obstruction. This can be a short term or a long term complication and may need further surgery.

D. Significant risks and procedure options

(Doctor to document in space provided. Continue in Medical Record if necessary.)

E. Risks of not having this procedure

(Doctor to document in space provided. Continue in Medical Record if necessary.)

F. Anaesthetic

This procedure may require an anaesthetic. (Doctor to document type of anaesthetic discussed)
I acknowledge that the doctor has explained:

- my medical condition and the proposed procedure, including additional treatment if the doctor finds something unexpected. I understand the risks, including the risks that are specific to me.
- the anaesthetic required for this procedure. I understand the risks, including the risks that are specific to me.
- other relevant procedure/treatment options and their associated risks.
- my prognosis and the risks of not having the procedure.
- that no guarantee has been made that the procedure will improve my condition even though it has been carried out with due professional care.
- the procedure may include a blood transfusion.
- tissues and blood may be removed and could be used for diagnosis or management of my condition, stored and disposed of sensitively by the hospital.
- if immediate life-threatening events happen during the procedure, they will be treated based on my discussions with the doctor or my Acute Resuscitation Plan.
- a doctor other than the Consultant may conduct the procedure. I understand this could be a doctor undergoing further training.

I have been given the following Patient Information Sheet/s:

- [ ] About Your Anaesthetic
- [ ] Laparostomy

- I was able to ask questions and raise concerns with the doctor about my condition, the proposed procedure and its risks, and my treatment options. My questions and concerns have been discussed and answered to my satisfaction.
- I understand I have the right to change my mind at any time, including after I have signed this form but, preferably following a discussion with my doctor.
- I understand that image/s or video footage may be recorded as part of and during my procedure and that these image/s or video/s will assist the doctor to provide appropriate treatment.

On the basis of the above statements,

G. Patient consent

I request to have the procedure

Name of Patient: _________________________________________________
Signature: ____________________________
Date: ____________________________

Patients who lack capacity to provide consent

Consent must be obtained from a substitute decision maker/s in the order below.
Does the patient have an Advance Health Directive (AHD)?

[ ] Yes ▶ Location of the original or certified copy of the AHD:

[ ] No ▶ Name of Substitute Decision Maker/s: ____________________________
Signature: ____________________________
Relationship to patient: ____________________________
Date: ____________________________
PH No: ____________________________

Source of decision making authority (tick one):

[ ] Tribunal-appointed Guardian
[ ] Attorney/s for health matters under Enduring Power of Attorney or AHD
[ ] Statutory Health Attorney
[ ] If none of these, the Adult Guardian has provided consent. Ph 1300 QLD OAG (753 624)

H. Doctor/delegate Statement

I have explained to the patient all the above points under the Patient Consent section (G) and I am of the opinion that the patient/substitute decision-maker has understood the information.

Name of Doctor/delegate: ____________________________
Designation: ____________________________
Signature: ____________________________
Date: ____________________________

I. Interpreter’s statement

I have given a sight translation in ____________________________

(state the patient’s language here) of the consent form and assisted in the provision of any verbal and written information given to the patient/parent or guardian/substitute decision-maker by the doctor.

Name of Interpreter: ____________________________
Signature: ____________________________
Date: ____________________________
1. **What do I need to know about this procedure?**

A laparostomy procedure is the re-opening of the abdominal wound and possible excision of any dead tissue.

2. **My anaesthetic**

This procedure will require an anaesthetic.

See [About Your Anaesthetic information sheet](#) for information about the anaesthetic and the risks involved. If you have any concerns, discuss these with your doctor.

*If you have not been given an information sheet, please ask for one.*

3. **What are the risks of this specific procedure?**

There are risks and complications with this procedure. They include but are not limited to the following.

**General risks:**

- Infection can occur, requiring antibiotics and further treatment.
- Bleeding could occur and may require a return to the operating room. Bleeding is more common if you have been taking blood thinning drugs such as Warfarin, Aspirin, Clopidogrel (Plavix or Iscover) or Dipyridamole (Persantin or Asasantin).
- Small areas of the lung can collapse, increasing the risk of chest infection. This may need antibiotics and physiotherapy.
- Increased risk in obese people of wound infection, chest infection, heart and lung complications, and thrombosis.
- Heart attack or stroke could occur due to the strain on the heart.
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**Specific Risks:**

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- Damage of the bowel may occur which may cause leakage of bowel fluid. This may need further surgery.
- Infections such as pus collections can occur in the abdominal cavity. This may need surgical drainage.
- The bowel movement may be paralysed or blocked after surgery and this may cause building up of fluid in the bowel with bloating of the abdomen and vomiting. Further treatment may be necessary for this.
- Especially in a male there may be difficulty passing urine and a tube (catheter) may need to be inserted into the bladder until the bladder can empty normally.
- A weakness can occur in the wound with complete or incomplete, bursting of the wound in the short term or a hernia in the long term.
- In some people healing of the wound may be abnormal and the wound can be thickened and red and may be painful.
- Adhesions (bands of scar tissue) may form and cause bowel obstruction. This can be a short term or a long term complication and may need further surgery.

**Notes to talk to my doctor about:**

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Consent Information - Patient Copy

Laparostomy