

Low fat diet

This resource is for people who need to eat less fat in their diet for their condition as recommended by their doctor or dietitian.

Why do I need a low fat diet?

- Your doctor may recommend a low-fat diet if you are having trouble breaking down or absorbing fat or have gallstones.
- This may help you manage symptoms (such as pain, diarrhoea, discomfort).
- You may only need a low fat diet for a short time, check with your doctor or dietitian.

Which foods are high in fat?

- Butter, margarine, cream, and oils
- Fried foods, fatty meats
- Pastries, cakes, pies, and chocolate
- Nuts, avocado, full fat dairy products (milk, yoghurt, cheese)

How do I reduce my fat intake?

- Include plenty of fresh fruit, vegetables and legumes as most of these foods are fat free.
- Use low fat cooking methods like grilling, poaching or baking instead of frying.
- Trim visible fat from meat, remove chicken skin and avoid high fat processed meats like salami, sausages or deli meats.
- Use less oil and butter try a cooking oil spray instead.
- Choose low fat dairy options.
- Limit high fat takeaway foods.
- Limit high fat foods including cakes, pastries and chips.

What foods are low and high in fat?

Enjoy a wide variety of nutritious foods from the five food groups listed in the table below: breads and cereals, fruit, vegetables, dairy and alternatives, and meat and alternatives. This will ensure you are still eating enough fat, which is important to provide certain



vitamins and types of fats which are needed by the body. If you are losing weight without trying, speak to your doctor or dietitian and prioritise foods from the following food groups:

- milk, yoghurt, cheese and alternatives
- meat, fish, poultry, eggs, legumes and meat substitutes
- drinks, snacks and extras

FOOD GROUP	Lower fat - INCLUDE	High fat - AVOID		
Bread, cereals,	Breakfast cereals (except those	•	Toasted cereals or muesli	
rice, pasta,	listed on the right)	•	Cereals containing coconut, seeds or	
noodles	Plain breads including white,		nuts	
	wholemeal, wholegrain, rye	•	Turkish or focaccia bread	
	Fruit loaf	•	Croissants, donuts, muffins, pastries,	
	Plain boiled pasta, low fat noodles		cakes, muesli bars, chocolate or cream	
	and rice		biscuits	
	Plain sweet biscuits or low-fat	•	Fried rice, instant noodles	
	savoury crackers e.g. Arrowroot,	•	Pasta dishes with cream or cheese	
	Wheatmeal, Ryvitas or Premiums		sauces	
Fruit	All fresh, frozen or tinned fruit except	•	Avocado, olives or coconut	
	those listed			
Vegetables	All vegetables (steamed, raw, boiled	•	Vegetables cooked in fat e.g. chips	
	or baked without fat)	•	Salads with creamy or oily dressing	
Milk, yoghurt,	Skim milk or reduced fat milk (fresh,	•	Full cream milk or regular soy milk	
cheese and	powdered or long life)	•	Fresh cream or sour cream	
alternatives	Low fat soy milk	•	Evaporated or condensed milk	
	Low fat evaporated milk	•	Full cream yoghurt, ice-cream or custard	
	Low fat yoghurt, ice-cream or	•	Cream cheese or cheese spread	
	custard	•	Full fat cheeses	
	Low fat ricotta or cottage cheese	•	Coconut milk/cream	
	Small amounts of reduced fat			
	cheese			



FOOD GROUP	Lower fat - INCLUDE	High fat - AVOID		
Meat, fish,	Lean meat with all visible fat trimmed	Fatty meats e.g. sausages, salami,		
poultry, eggs,	Chicken with no skin	bacon, luncheon		
legumes and	Lean mince	Fried chicken, chicken nuggets or		
meat	Limit 1 egg per day (poached, boiled or	chicken Kiev		
substitutes	scrambled, no added fat)	Crumbed or battered fish		
	Lean sandwich meats (chicken, turkey	Fish tinned in oil		
	or ham)	Fried eggs		
	Fish & seafood cooked by low fat	Nuts		
	method (grill, poach or bake)			
	Tinned fish in brine or spring water,			
	98% fat free flavoured tuna or salmon			
	Legumes e.g. baked beans, chickpeas,			
	lentils etc			
	Tofu – not fried			
Fats	Limit extra fat to a total of 1 tablespoon	Butter, margarine, cooking oils,		
	per day	mayonnaise, copha, ghee, lard and		
		oily/creamy salad dressings		
Drinks, snacks	Water	Milo, drinking chocolate or full fat		
and extras	Coffee and tea made with low fat milk	flavoured milk		
	Low fat flavoured milk	Chocolate, caramels, fudge		
	Juices, soft drinks, cordials, mineral	Hot chips, potato crisps, corn chips,		
	water	nuts, or buttered popcorn		
	Jams, marmalades, honey	Pastries		
	Unbuttered popcorn	Dips		
	Tomato sauce, BBQ sauce, mint sauce,	Peanut butter, Nutella		
	cranberry sauce, soy sauce, sweet chilli	Coconut milk or cream		
	sauce, tomato salsa, relish, low fat	Sauces made with oil, cream or		
	gravy	cheese e.g. satay sauce, pesto		
		Deep fried foods and takeaway foods		
		such as pizza, spring rolls and		
		hamburgers.		



Summary

- You may need a low-fat diet for your condition.
- Reduce foods that are high in fat.
- Choose lower-fat cooking methods.
- It is recommended to follow up with your doctor or dietitian to advise how long to continue a low fat diet.

For further information	, contact your dietitian or i	nutritionist:	
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